

# 生物多样性

## SHENGWU DUOYANGXING

第17卷 第1期 2009年1月

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封面: 秦岭是大熊猫(*Ailuropoda melanoleuca*)的主要分布区之一。该地区大熊猫食物主要来自巴山木竹(*Bashania fargesii*)和秦岭箭竹(*Fargesia qinlingensis*)。为了评价秦岭大熊猫栖息地质量, 卢志军等(见本期1-9页)在陕西佛坪国家级自然保护区对巴山木竹进行了6年野外定位研究, 探讨了巴山木竹发笋和大熊猫取食的时空格局及两者的相关性。(摄影者: 雍严格)

# BIODIVERSITY SCIENCE

Vol. 17 No. 1 January 2009

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**Cover Illustration:** The Qingling Mountains is one of the important habitats for giant panda (*Ailuropoda melanoleuca*) in China. *Bashania fargesii* and *Fargesia qinlingensis* are giant panda's main food resources in this area. Based on the permanent *B. fargesii* plot surveys in Foping National Nature Reserve in Shaanxi, Lu *et al.* examined spatial-temporal patterns of *B. fargesii* new shoots and giant panda herbivory to evaluate giant panda habitat quality. For details see pages 1–9 of this issue. (Photographed by Yange Yong)